Energy INFOcard

United States (1998)

PETROLEUM

Production (crude oil, NGPL)(MMbd)	8.0
Net imports (crude oil & refined products)(MMbd)	9.5
Other sources(refinery gain, alcohols, other)(MMbd)	1.2
Consumption (26% of world total in 1997) (MMbd)	18.7
Share of US oil consumption for transportation	65%
Dependence on foreign oil (net imports/consump.)	51%
Recoverable resources (yrs of current production)	73
Real world oil price (1998\$/bbl) 1980(peak):\$63 199	8:\$12

NATURAL GAS

Production(dry gas) (2nd in world to Russia) (tcf)	19.0
Consumption (27% of world total in 1997) (tcf)	21.3
Consumers: industrial (incl. lease, plant, pipeline fuel)	49%,
residential 21%, commercial 15%, electric utilities	s 15%
Share of consumption from Canadian imports	14%
Recoverable resources (yrs of current production)	75
Real wellhead price (1998\$/Mcf) \$1.96 vs. \$3.99 in	1983

COAL

Production (2nd in world after China) (billion tons)	1.12
Share produced West of the Mississippi	49%
Share produced from surface mining	61%
Exports as percent of production	7%
Electricity generation share of consumption	90%
Productivity: 6.0 tons/miner-hour(1997) vs 1.8	t/m-
hr(1977)	
Recoverable reserves (vrs of current production)	240+

ELECTRICITY

Utility net generation (trillic	on kilowat	thours)		3.21
Coal 56%, Nuclear 21%,	Gas 10%	, Hydro 9	%, Oil 3	3%
Nonutility net generation (b	oillion kilov	watthours	s)	407
Gas 55%, Coal 16%, Wo	od & Was	ste 13%, (Oil 8%,	
Hydro 5%, Geothermal 2	%, Wind	1%		
Sales: residential 35%, c	ommercia	al 29%, in	dustrial	33%
Emissions (million tons)	CO ₂ 2	2656, SO ₂	14, NO) _x 9
(1997) Coal fired	76%	92%	85%	
Oil & gas fired	17%	6%	14%	
Biomass fired	7%	2%	1%	

Units:

MMbd = million barrels per day; Mcf = thousand cubic feet tcf = trillion cubic feet; kWh = kilowatthour; MM = million

Most recent annual data available as of 5/31/1999
Source: Energy Information Administration,
U.S. Department of Energy.

NUCLEAR

Number of operable gener	ating units	104
Capacity (million kilowatts)		97
Capacity Factor	78% in 1998 vs. 63% in	1988

RENEWABLE ENERGY

Consumption (quadrillion Btu)	7.1
Hydropower 51%, Wood 34%, Waste 8%,	
Other(ethanol, geothermal, solar, wind) 7%	
Renewable share of total energy consumption	8%

TOTAL ENERGY and EFFICIENCY OF USE

Total Primary Energy Production (quadrillion Btu)	73
Coal 33%, Gas 27, Oil 21, Nuclear 10, Renewab	le 9%
Total Consumption (quadrillion Btu)	94
Coal 23%, Gas 23%, Oil 39, Nuclear 8, Renewak	ole 8%
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (MM tonnes C)(1997)	1480
industrial 33%, transportation 32%, resid.&comm	n. 35%
(Emissions from electricity generation are distributed to end-u	se)
Decline in Energy/GDP ratio since 1973	.7%/yr
Number of households (million)(1997)	101
Heated by: Gas 52%, Elect.30, Oil 9, Propane 4, Woo	od 2%

World (1997)

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Coal 24%, Gas 22%, Oil 40%, Hydro 7%, Nuclear 69	%
(Dispersed renewables, primarily firewood, are not included)	
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US 25%, China 10%, Russia 7, Japan 6, Germany 4	%
Per capita consumption (selected countries)(million Bi	tu):
US 352, Russia 181, Germany 173, Japan 169, China	30
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (MM tonnes carbon) 62	232
US 24%, W. Europe 16%, China 13, Russia 7, Japan 5	%
Crude oil production (1998) (million bbls/day)	67
US 9%, OPEC 43%, Persian Gulf 29%	
Electricity generation (trillion kilowatthours)	3.2
US 27%, W.Europe 20%, China 8, Japan 7, Russia	6%
Nuclear share of electricity (selected countries):	
France 79%, Germany 31%, Japan 31%, UK 28, US 18	8%
Share of world nuclear electricity generation (5 larges	
US 28%, France 17%, Japan 14, Germany 7, Russia	,
Retail gasoline price (regular,\$/gal) (selected countrie	
Germany 3.54, Japan 3.27, Australia 2.05, US 1.23	3).
Btu Equivalents: 1 bbl crude oil: 5.8 million; 1 Mcf gas: 1.03 million	
1 kWh electric: 3.4 thousand; 1 ton coal: ~22 million;	1,
For further information please contact the National Fre	rou

For further information, please contact the National Energy Information Center (202-586-8800 or infoctr@eia.doe.gov) or visit our Web site: www.eia.doe.gov